THE NEW CHAPTER 33 REGULATIONS

A GUIDED TOUR

POLICY AND PURPOSE

 Physical restraint and seclusion may only be used as an emergency intervention when the behavior of a student presents an imminent risk of injury or harm to the student or others.

APPLICATION OF RULE

- This rule applies to actions of a covered entity and its employees, contractors and agents during the conduct of the covered entity's educational program.
- Covered Entity means an entity that owns, operates or controls a school or educational program that receives public funds from the Maine Department of Education

CONTRACTS WITH NON-COVERED ENTITIES

 The Department of Education and any covered entity that places or funds the placement of a student in an educational program owned, operated or controlled by an entity other than a covered entity must include in the contract with that other entity a requirement that the entity and its employees, contractors and agents comply with the Rule while the student is engaged in the educational program.

PHYSICAL RESTRAINT

 An intervention that restricts a student's freedom of movement or normal access to his or her body, and includes physically moving a student who has not moved voluntarily.

PHYSICAL RESTRAINT DOES NOT INCLUDE:

- Physical escort temporary touching or holding of the hand, wrist, arm, shoulder, hip or back for the purpose of moving a student voluntarily
- Physical prompt a teaching technique that enables the student to learn or model the physical movement necessary for the development of the desired competency
- Physical contact for the purpose of comforting the student, accepted voluntarily
- Seat belts
- Medically prescribed harness

PERMITTED USES OF PHYSICAL RESTRAINT

- Only as an emergency intervention when the behavior of a student presents imminent risk of injury or harm to the student or others
- Only after other less intrusive interventions have failed or been deemed inappropriate
- Implemented by staff certified in a stateapproved training program to the extent possible
- To move a student only if the need for movement outweighs the risks involved in such movement

PROHIBITED FORMS AND USES OF PHYSICAL RESTRAINT

- Not for punitive purposes, staff convenience or to control challenging behavior
- Not to prevent property destruction or disruption in the absence of imminent risk of injury
- No restraint that restricts the free movement of the diaphragm or chest or restricts the airway so as to interrupt normal breathing or speech
- No restraint that relies on pain for control
- No aversive procedures, mechanical or chemical restraints

MONITORING RESTRAINT

- At least two adults must be present at all times except when, for safety reasons, waiting for a second adult is precluded
- Monitoring must be continuous until terminated

TERMINATION OF PHYSICAL RESTRAINT

- Must be discontinued as soon as possible once student is no longer presenting imminent risk of injury or harm to self or others
- If continues for more than 10 minutes, an administrator or designee determines whether continued restraint is warranted, and continues to monitor every 10 minutes until terminated
- If attempts to release have been unsuccessful, may request assistance from outside sources; may request assistance from parents at any time

SECLUSION

- The involuntary confinement of a student alone in a room or clearly defined area from which the student is physically prevented from leaving
- Timeout (a student requests, or complies with an adult request for, a break) is not seclusion.

PERMITTED USES OF SECLUSION

- Only as an emergency intervention when the behavior of a student presents imminent risk of injury or harm to the student or others
- Only after other less intrusive interventions have failed or been deemed inappropriate
- Implemented by staff certified in a stateapproved training program to the extent possible

PROHIBITED USES OF SECLUSION

- Not for punitive purposes, staff convenience or to control challenging behavior
- Not to prevent property destruction or disruption in the absence of imminent risk of injury
- May not take place in a locked room

MONITORING SECLUSION

- At least one adult must be physically present not in the room or defined area but situated so
 that the student is visible at all times
- Monitoring must be continuous until terminated

TERMINATION OF SECLUSION

- Must be discontinued as soon as possible once student is no longer presenting imminent risk of injury or harm to self or others
- If continues for more than 10 minutes, an administrator or designee shall determine whether continued seclusion is warranted, and shall continue to monitor every 10 minutes until terminated
- If attempts to release have been unsuccessful, may request assistance from outside sources; may request assistance from parents at any time

LOCATION OF SECLUSION

- Seclusion can be achieved in any part of a school building with adequate light, heat, ventilation and of normal room height
- If a specific room is designated as a seclusion room, it must be a minimum of 60 square feet with adequate light, heat, ventilation, be of normal room height, contain an unbreakable observation window in a wall or door and be free of hazardous material and objects with which a student could self-inflict bodily injury

NOTIFICATION OF INCIDENT

To an Administrator (or designee)

- Orally, ASAP but no later than end of school day
- Out of district placement, by phone within 24 hours (or next school day)

To Parents

- By administrator (or designee) ASAPractical but no later than same school day; leave phone message if necessary or use emergency contact info
- If occurs outside school day, ASAP following emergency protocol

Serious Bodily Injury or Death

- Follow local health & safety procedures
- Notify DOE within 24 hours or next school day

WHAT IS AN INCIDENT?

 All actions between the time a student begins to create risk of harm and the time a student ceases to pose a risk of harm and returns to regular programming

DOCUMENTATION

- Incident Report completed and provided to administrator ASAPractical, not later than 2 school days.
- DOE will provide Incident Report form
- Copy of Incident Report to parents within 7
 calendar days, and to administrator of sending district if out of district placement

RESPONSE TO INCIDENT

- Debriefing within 2 school days:
 - With all staff persons involved
 - With student
 - When serious bodily injury occurs requiring emergency medical treatment, ASAP but not later that next school day
- After debriefing:
 - Develop and implement written plan for response and de-escalation, or
 - Review and, if appropriate, revise existing plan

MULTIPLE INCIDENTS

- After 3rd incident in school year:
 - Special ed/504 student, IEP/504 Team to meet within 10 school days and consider need for FBA and/or BIP (or amend existing BIP)
 - Other students, team to meet within 10 school days and consider need for referral to special ed and for FBA and/or BIP
 - Team made of parent, administrator (or designee), teacher, staff member involved and other staff members (as appropriate)
 - Reasonable documented efforts to encourage parent participation in meetings

CUMULATIVE REPORTING

- Building level on a quarterly and annual basis:
 - Number of restraint incidents
 - Number of students placed in restraint
 - Number of seclusion incidents
 - Number of students placed in seclusion
 - Number of serious bodily injuries to students
 - Number of serious bodily injuries to staff
 - Superintendent/chief administrator to review data to identify how to reduce future incidents

CUMULATIVE REPORTING (cont.)

- Reporting to DOE annual basis:
 - Number of restraint incidents
 - Number of students placed in restraint
 - Number of seclusion incidents
 - Number of students placed in seclusion
 - Number of serious bodily injuries to students
 - Number of serious bodily injuries to staff

STAFF TRAINING

- Sufficient number of staff shall maintain certification in approved training program
- List of staff with training made available in each building and central office
- DOE shall maintain a directory of approved training programs

LOCAL POLICY

- Local policies consistent with Rule within 90 days from effective date of Rule
- Annual info to staff re: Rule and local policies
- Annual notice to parents re: Rule and local policies
- Procedure for parents to file complaint
 - Investigate complaint
 - Make written findings
 - Determine corrective action where appropriate

COMPLAINT PROCESS

- First must follow local complaint process
- If dissatisfied, parent may file complaint with
 DOE
 - Review results of local process
 - May conduct own investigation
 - Issue written report within 60 days
 - Develop CAP if violation found